Bird control at Helsinki-Vantaa Airport in 1978-2007

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Helsinki-Vantaa Airport in the early 1980s



Helsinki-Vantaa Airport in 2007

- -Surface area:
- in total 1700 hectares
- inside the fence 1400 hectares (in 2002, before the 3rd runway, 800 hectares)

<u> 1978</u>

On June 11th and July 22nd, a DC-8 and a Caravelle, respectively, were striked by gulls. The damage cost approximately U.S. \$ 250 000 to repair.

<u>1979</u>

A bird strike committee was established at the airport on January 9th. It was represented by:

- Airport Authority
- Air Traffic Control
- Fire Department
- Traffic Area Maintenance
- Finnair Flight Department
- Ornithological experts: 1) The Finnish Game and Ficheries Research Institute and 2) The Zoological Museum of the University of Helsinki
- Later: Finnish Air Force and The Hunters' Central Organization

Car patrolling during 30 years of activity











Measures to make the airport environment unattractive to birds, deers and mooses



Covering and filling the ponds



Long grass policy



Cutting down trees favoured by birds

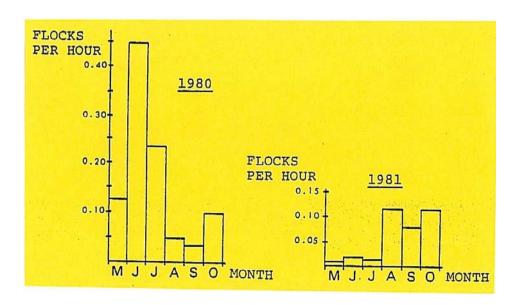


Fencing against deers and mooses

Control of the herring gull (Larus argentatus) population

Shooting of gulls in the airport area and in the nearest big garbage dump

Controlling the breeding colonies in the archipelago





One method: spraying of eggs

Number of dispersed flocks of gulls per hour in 1980 and 1981 in May-October in one month periods.

Closing the garbage dump near the airport took 10 years









Earthworm control experiment with Benomyl in 1983

Total application area 1,3 hectares (consists of 22 areas on the side of a taxiway)

Total control area 1,3 hectares (consists of 22 areas between the before-mentio-ned treatment areas)

The target species was the common gull (Larus canus)

The results showed that there was a statistically significant different (square-test, p< 0.001) in the numbers of earthworms between the experiment and control areas. However, it was not possible to draw conclusions about the influence of the treatment on the future occurrence of the common gulls. No experiments were made on the sides of the runways.

Reparing an engine damaged by gulls







Reports on the bird control activity

Kuusela, S. 1980: Lintujen esiintyminen ja torjunta Helsinki-Vantaan lentoasemalla 1979, 59 s.

Vickholm, M. 1982: Lintujen esiintyminen ja torjunta Helsinki-Vantaan lentoasemalla 1981, 89 s.

Rauhala, T. 1983: Lintujen esiintyminen ja torjunta Helsinki-Vantaan lentoasemalla ja sen ympäristössä 1982, 18 s.

Paakkinen, M. 1984: Lintujen esiintyminen ja torjunta Helsinki-Vantaan lentoasemalla ja sen ympäristössä 1983, 36 s.

Kunttu, H. 1985: Lintujen esiintyminen ja torjunta Helsinki-Vantaan lentoasemalla 1984, 26 s.

Kauppinen, S. 1986: Lintujen esiintyminen ja torjunta Helsinki-Vantaan lentoasemalla 1985, 25 s.

Julkunen, A. 1987: Lintujen esiintyminen ja torjunta Helsinki-Vantaan lentoasemalla 1986, 21 s.

Vickholm, J. & Julkunen, A. 1988: Lintujen esiintyminen ja torjunta Helsinki-Vantaan lentoasemalla 1987, 25 s.

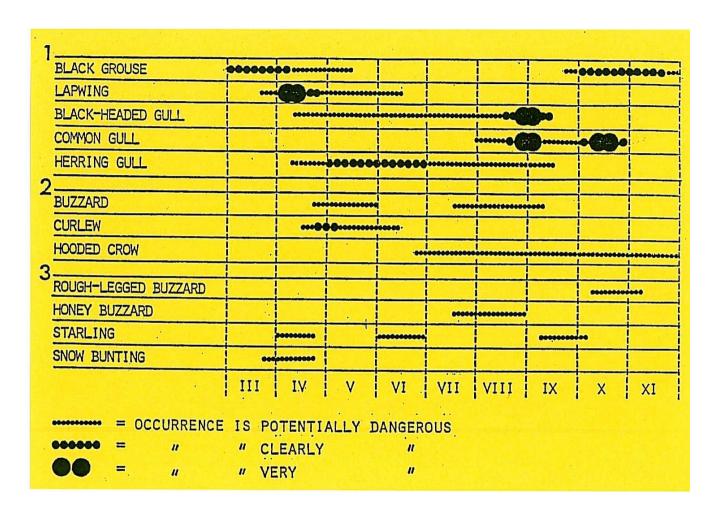
Lindberg, R., Piipari, S. & Turtola, J. 1994: Lintujen torjunta Helsinki-Vantaan lentoasemalla 1988 – 1993, 23 s.

Niemi, M. 2005: Eläimet lentoturvallisuusriskinä ja eläinvahinkojen vähentäminen Helsinki-Vantaan lentokentällä, 41 s.

Koivisto, A. 2007: Eläinten aiheuttaman lentoturvallisuusriskin pienentäminen Helsinki-Vantaan lentokentällä, 39 s.

In total 406 pages (including short summaries)

Risk analysis (an example from 1981)



Occurrance and hazardousness of twelve bird species at Helsinki-Vantaa Airport in March-November 1981 on the basis of <u>dispersals and observations by the bird patrol</u>. The bird species have been divided into three hazard categories.

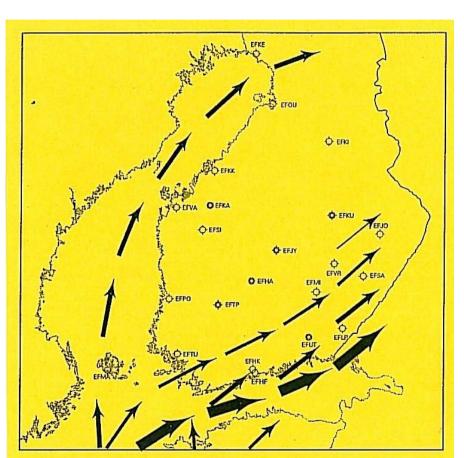
Warning for a heavy migration of arctic birds

Visual observation + radar observation should result:

a warning for heavy migration!

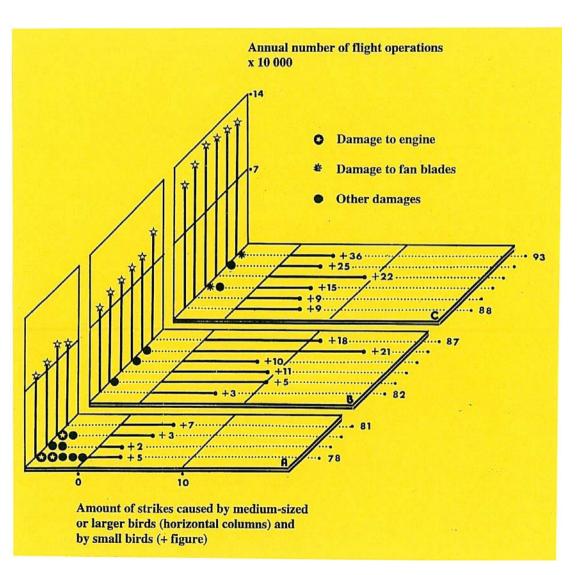


Observing the migration of arctic birds in the archipelago of the Gulf of Finland



The arctic spring migration

Amount of flight operations and bird strikes at Helsinki-Vantaa Airport in 1978-93

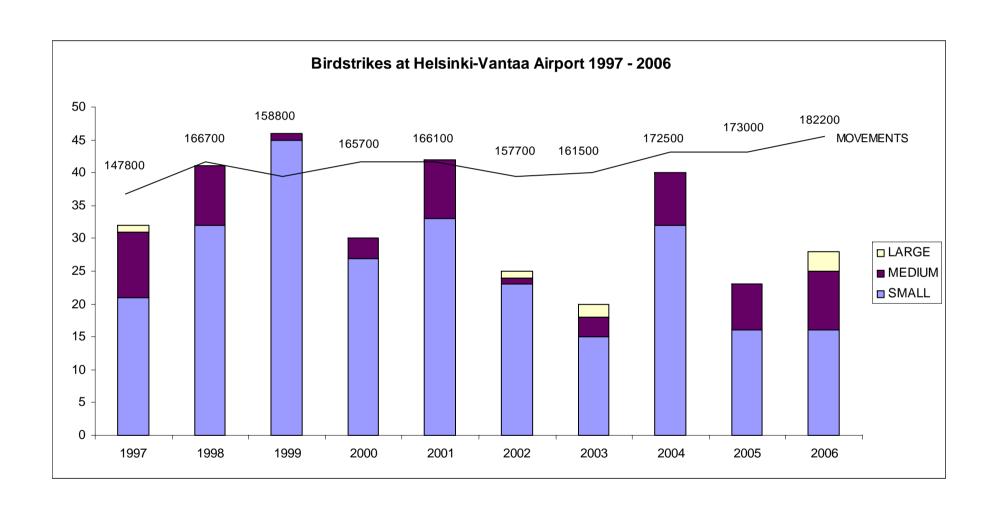


A = a period when pilots were not obliged to give a standardized report on the strikes.

B = the figures include both the strikes reported by the pilots and the cases where the only evidence was a dead bird found on runway.

C = only strikes reported by pilots.

Amount of flight operations and bird strikes at Helsinki-Vantaa Airport in 1997-2006



Conclusions

During 30 years several radical measures have been carried out at the airport in order to change the environment in such a way that it will not attract birds.

In order to reduce the number of gulls in the surrounding regions of the airport the co-operation with the near-by towns has continued regularly.

Bird patrolling at the airport has been changed step by step from an ornithological expertise to a practical bird control work.

Bird strike statistics from the years 1978-2006 show that in eight strikes damages were caused to the fan blades or the engine at the airport.

The national bird strike committee has had regular meetings at least twice a year and followed closely the bird control work carried out at the Helsinki-Vantaa Airport, the main international airport of Finland. Suggestions have been made to improve, in particularly, the co-operation with radar stations in order to give warnings for heavy bird activity.