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Forecasting the bird migration for the Finnish Air Force

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Why?

- Bird is a threat
- Threat is to be managed by threat assessment
- Threat assessment is an estimation process
- Part of the estimation is the prediction

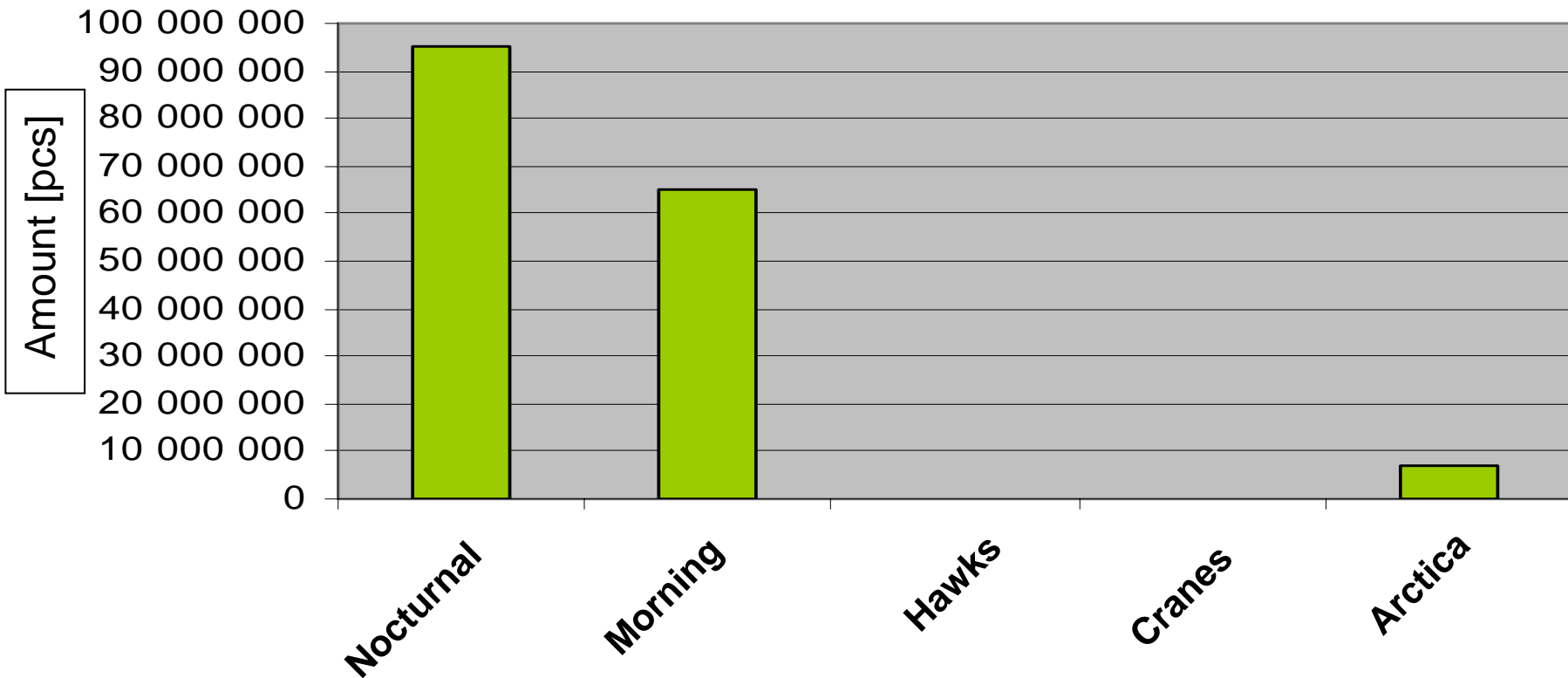
What is "threat" all about?

"Know your enemy."

- Threat is non co-operative
- Threat is numerous
- Threat is indifferent
- Threat is statistical
- Threat behavior pattern is somehow predictable

“Numerous...”

Number of Migratory Birds (autumn, southern Finland)



Information source: Meteorological institute, Finland

Forecasting ”migration”

- Forecasting what?
 - Time
 - Route and/or location
 - Number
 - ID
 - Intention
- Action
 - Be far away in location and/or time
 - Increase situation awareness
- Reduce risk

Migration Model

For detailed information: Finnish Meteorological Institute, Jarmo Koistinen

$$E = (P + N) * S$$

E= estimated migration [birds/day]

P= non migrated “scheduled” population

N= ”scheduled” migration

S= weather factor

$$S = U * D * V * H * R * L * K$$

U= wind speed factor

D= wind heading factor

V= visibility factor

H= cloud factor

R= rain factor

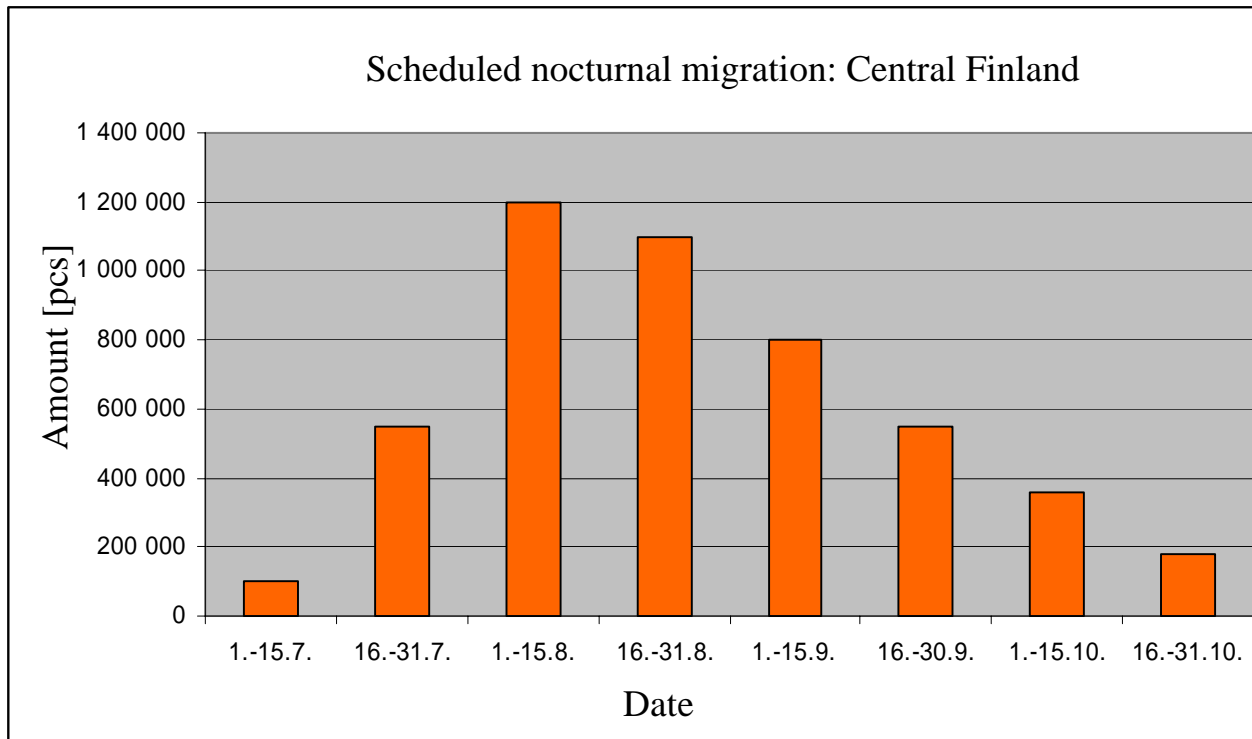
L= snow and ice factor

K= convection factor

Modelling terms

For detailed information: Finnish Meteorological Institute, Jarmo Koistinen

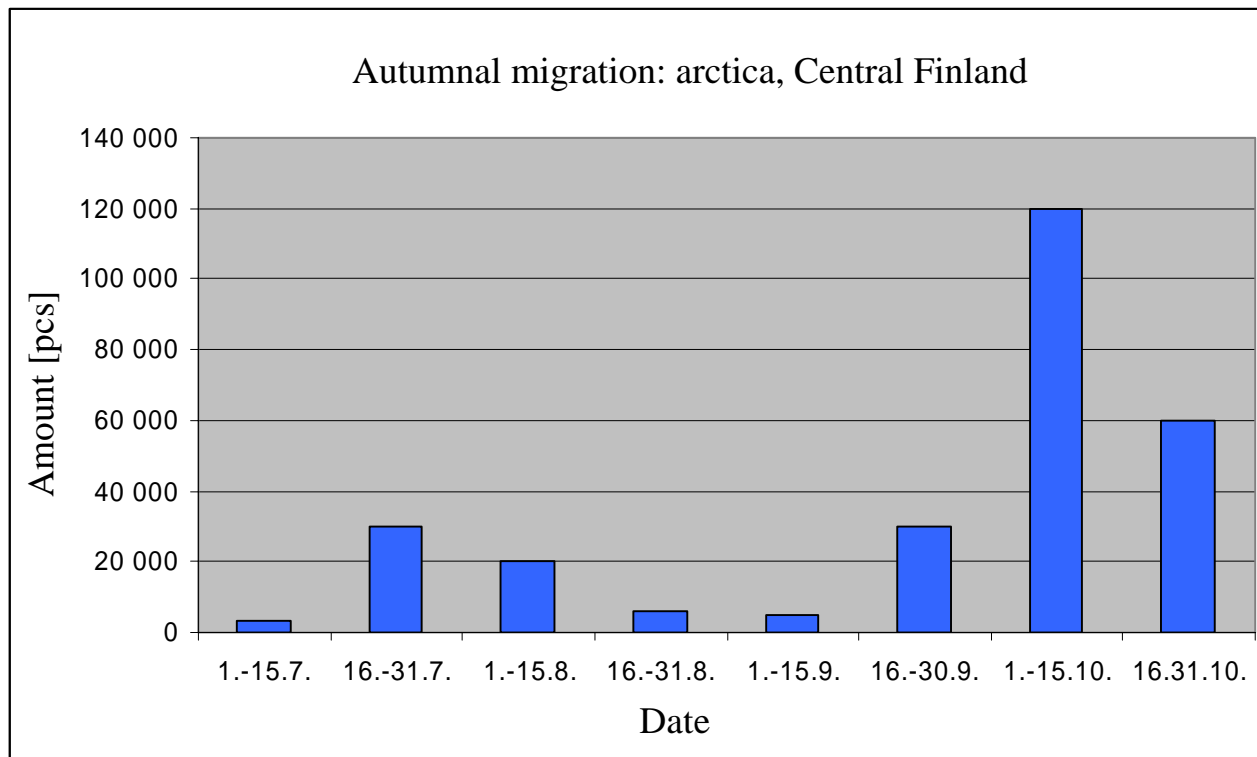
$$E = (P + N) * S$$



Information source: Meteorological institute, Finland

Modelling terms

$$E = (P + N) * S$$



Information source: Meteorological institute, Finland

Modelling ID

- Categories:
 - Nocturnal
 - Morning migrators
 - Convection migrators
 - Arctic migrators
- Size:
 - Big
 - Medium
 - Small
- Convection migrators:
 - Predators
 - Cranes

Outcome

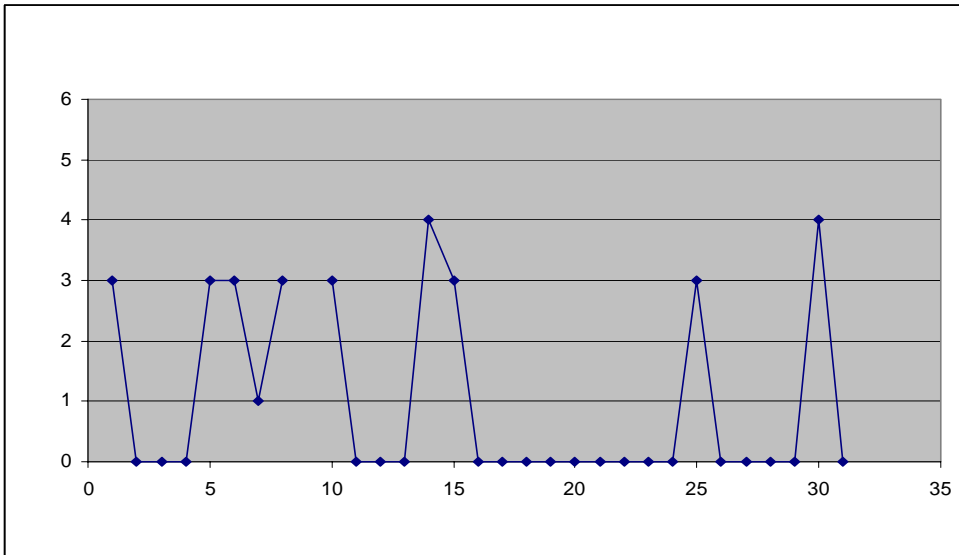
Textual prediction provided by the Meteorological Institute as service for the military.

Bird density is predicted per day per three main areas.

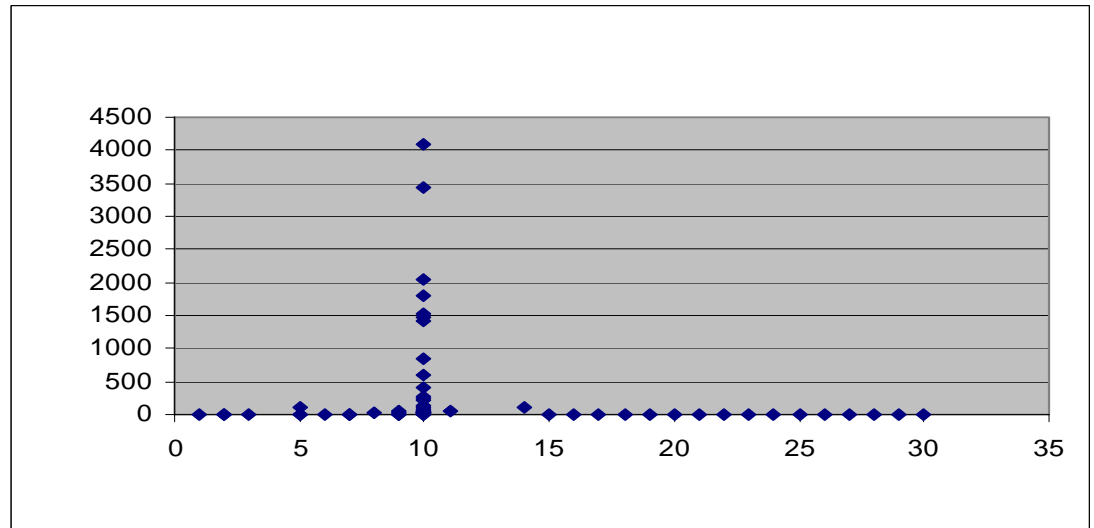
Prediction is part of the morning debriefing in the Air Force Commands.

Uncertainty

Crane migration prediction Sept 2006
Y-axis: migration index [0,5]
X-axis: day of Sept



Crane migration observations, Sept 2006
Y-axis: observed local cumulations
X-axis: day of Sept
Dot: observation point report



Information source: Bird Life Finland

What went wrong on 28.9.2006?

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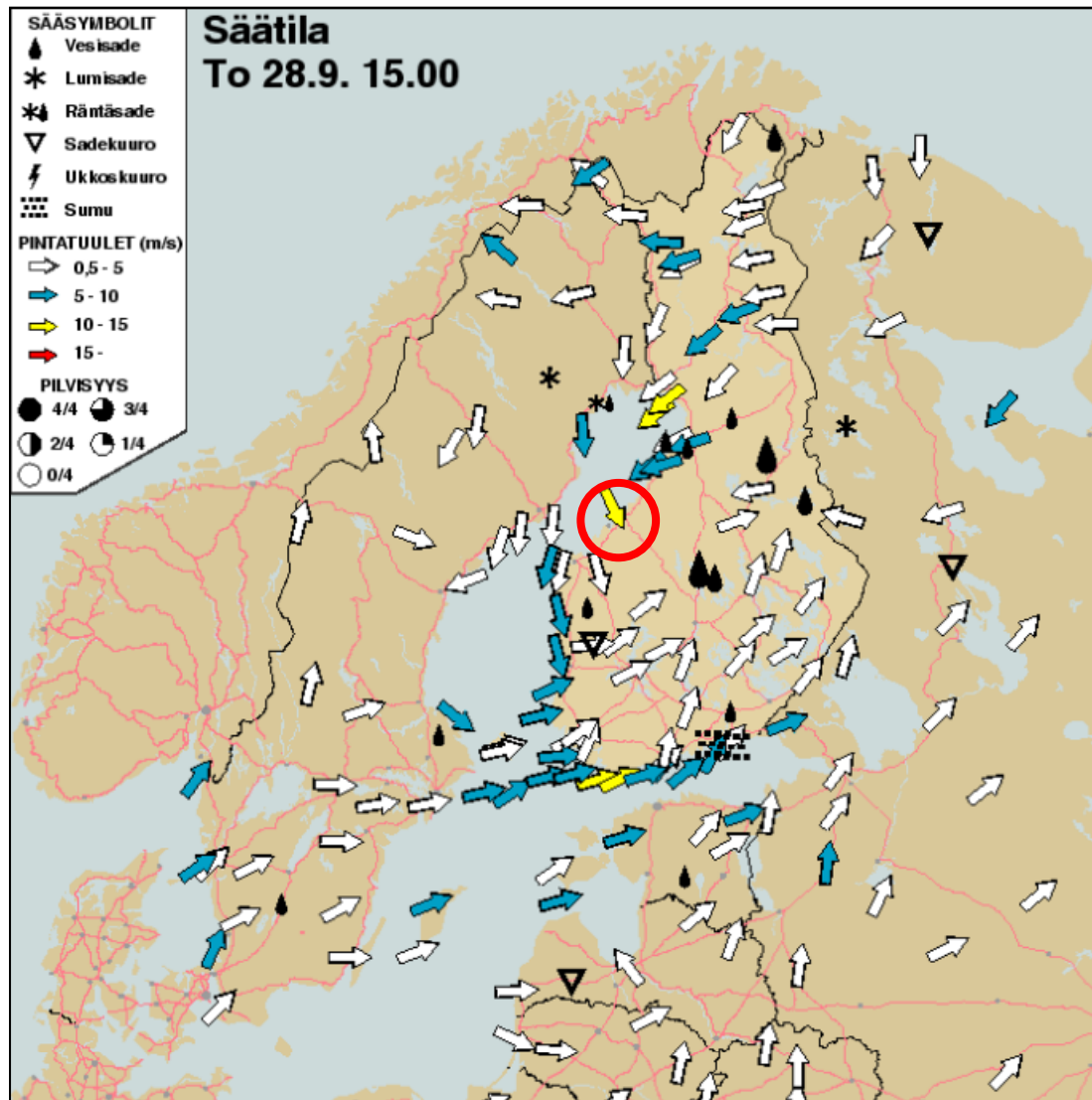


Anas penelope

HW-335



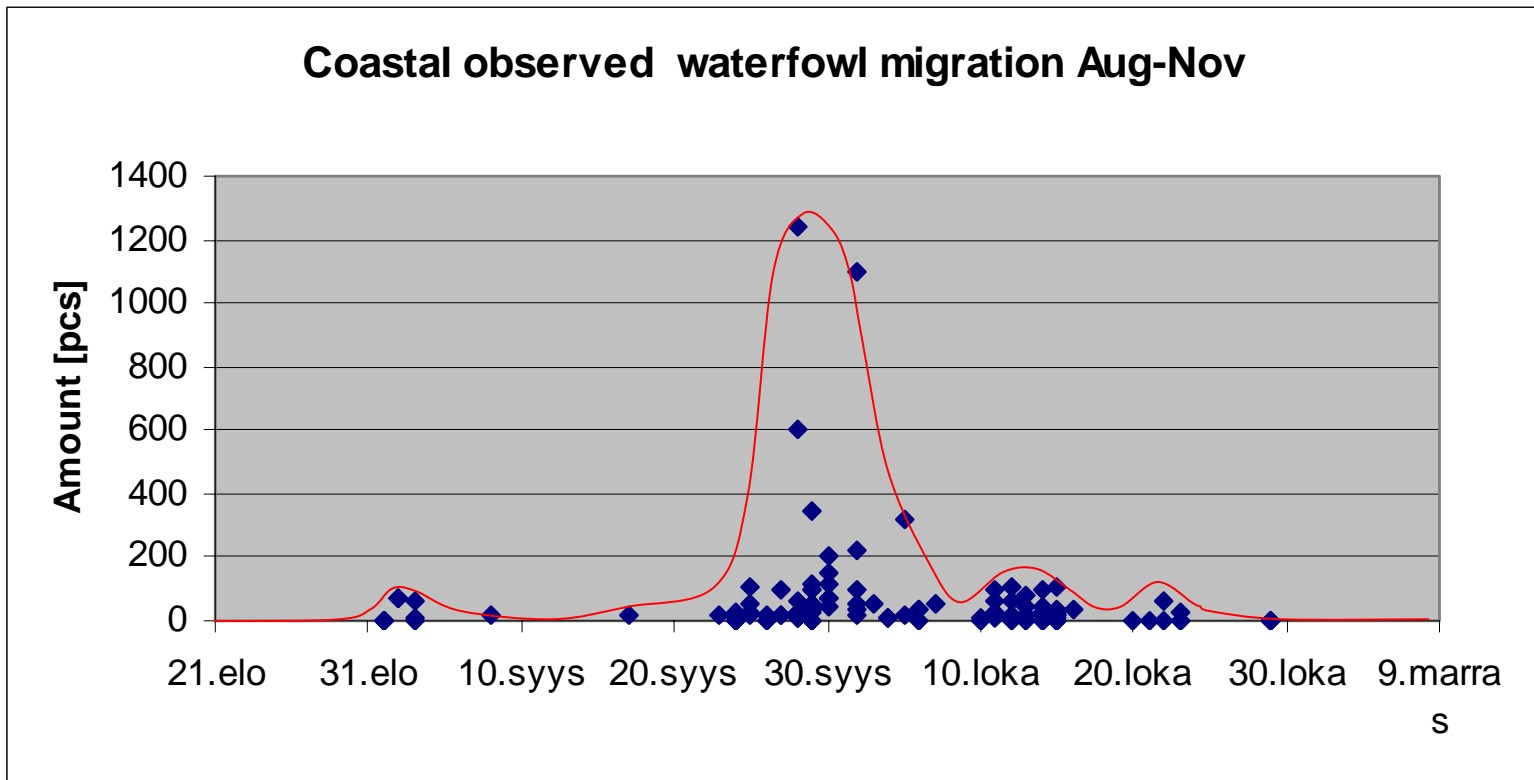
Weather?



- Optimal for coastal autumn migration
- Exercise just there that time...

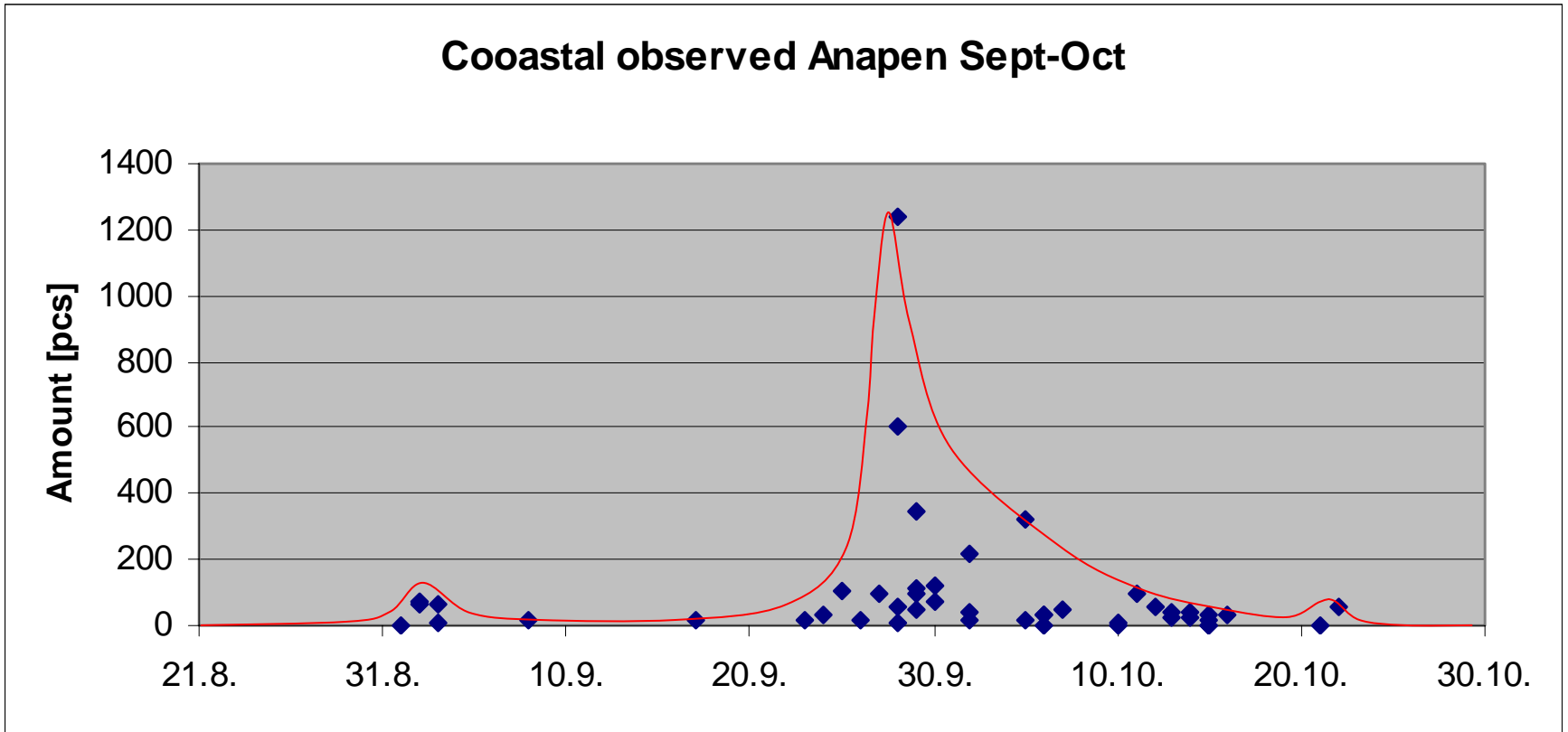
Information source: Finnish Air Force

Ground truth?



Information source: Bird Life Finland

Anas penelope Ground Truth



Information source: Bird Life Finland

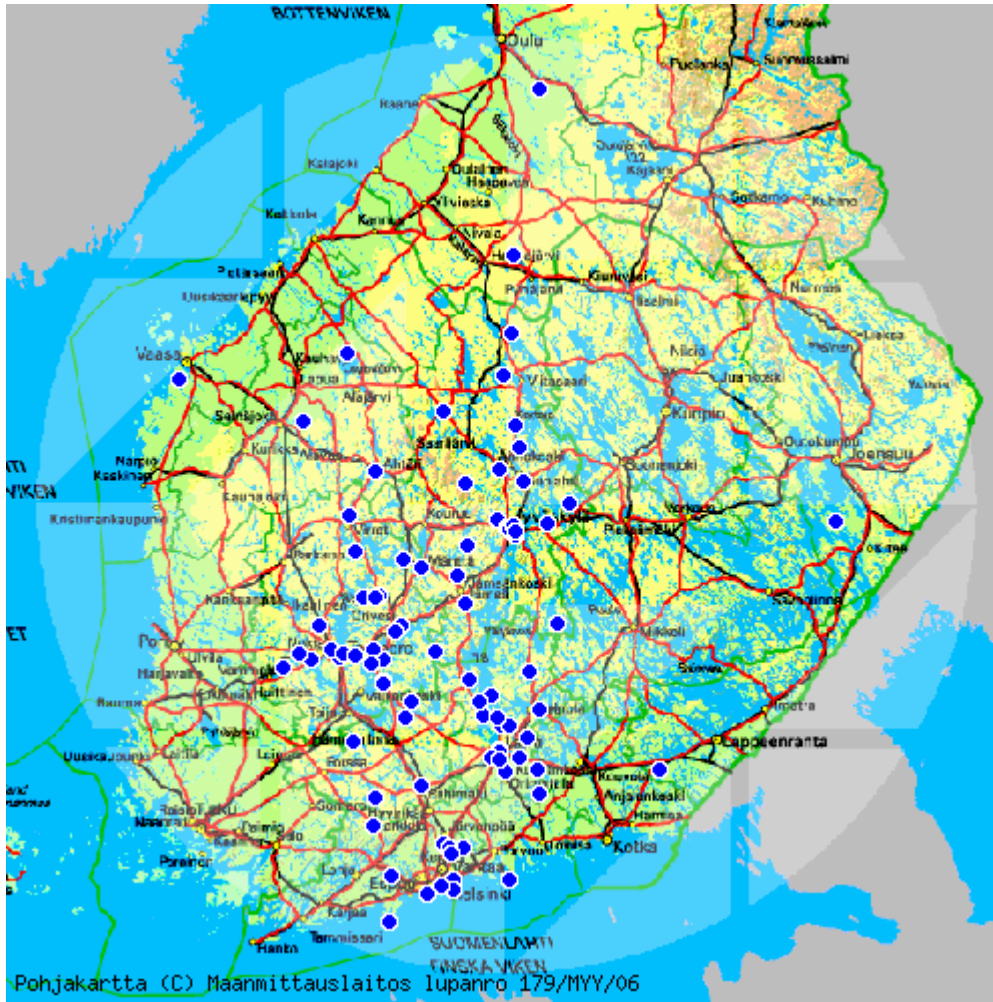
Conclusion

- Wrong general planning
- Wrong general timing
- Wrong actual timing
- Wrong actual placing
- No reaction to actual weather
- Ground truth not known
- Prediction resolution inadequacy

- No local estimate available
- Risk not assessed

Information sources

Birders' information

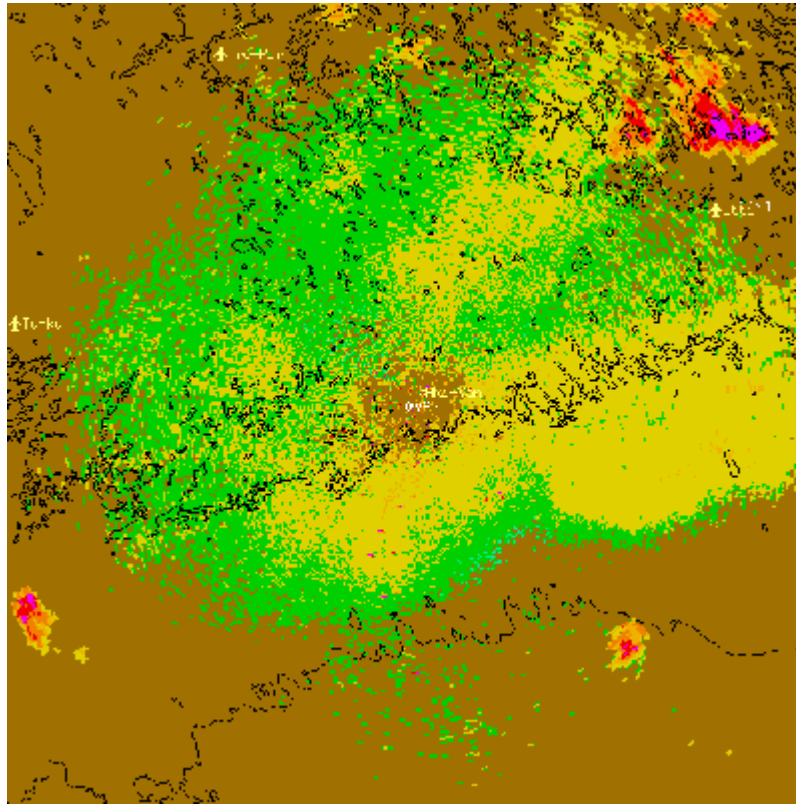


Crane migration 10.9.2006

- Start area known in advance
- Start timing reported real time
- Course predicted in advance
- Course estimated real time
- Timing uncertainty 1 h
- Location uncertainty 50 km

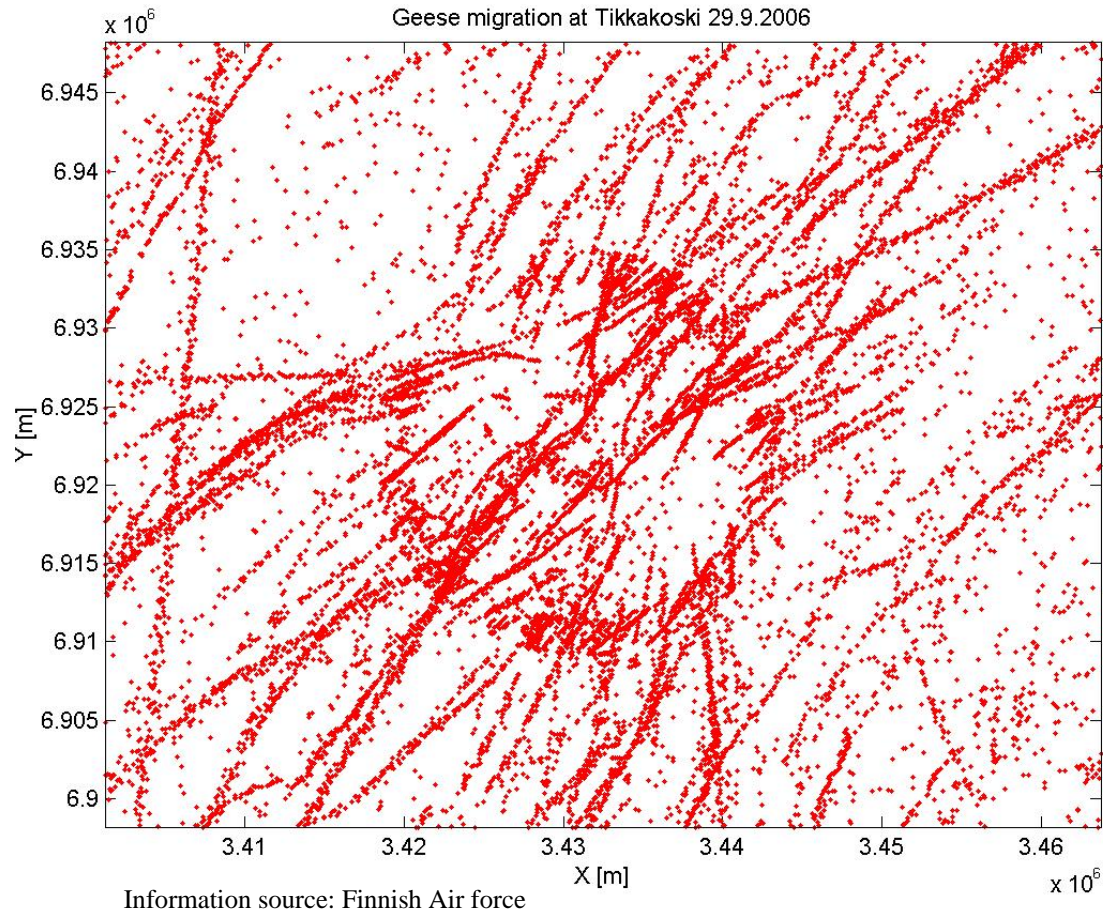
Information source: Bird Life Finland

Weather radar information



Information source: Meteorological institute, Finland

Surveillance radar information



2DO

- Several improvements can be found
- Go from prediction to estimation
- Implement ground truth
- Occupy birders
- Utilize weather radar
- Utilize surveillance radar
- Improve prediction
- Computerize it – make it part of the Picture

What can be achieved?

- Zero strike situation: NO
- Single bird awareness: NO
- Single flock awareness: NO

- Better spatial resolution: YES
- Better temporal resolution: YES
- Statistical reduction of risk: YES